

Grade 8 Science

*Life processes are performed at the cellular level.
The behaviour of matter can be explained by the kinetic molecular theory and atomic theory.
*Energy can be transferred as both a particle and a wave.
*The theory of plate tectonics is the unifying theory that explains Earth's geological processes.

the relationship of micro-organisms with living things:
characteristics of life
cell theory and types of cells
photosynthesis and cellular respiration

kinetic molecular theory
atomic theory and models
protons, neutrons, and quarks
electrons and leptons

types and effects of electromagnetic radiation
light:
properties
behaviours
ways of sensing

First Peoples knowledge of:
major geological events of local significance
local geological formations
significant local geological events
layers in Earth

Curricular Competencies

Big Ideas

Questioning & Predicting

- Demonstrate a sustained intellectual curiosity about a scientific topic or problem of personal interest
- Make observations aimed at identifying their own questions about the natural world
- Identify a question to answer or a problem to solve through scientific inquiry
- Formulate alternative "if...then..." hypotheses based on their questions
- Make predictions about the findings of their inquiry

Planning & Conducting

- Collaboratively plan a range of investigation types, including field work and experiments, to answer their questions or solve problems they have identified
- Measure and control variables through fair tests
- Observe, measure, and record data (qualitative and quantitative), using equipment, including digital technologies, with accuracy and precision
- Use appropriate SI units and perform simple unit conversions
- Ensure that safety and ethical guidelines are followed in their investigations

Processing & Analyzing Data & Info

- Experience and interpret the local environment
- Apply First Peoples perspectives and knowledge, other ways of knowing, and local knowledge as sources of patterns or relationships in data, including tables, graphs, key, scale models, and digital technologies as appropriate
- Seek patterns and connections in data from their own investigations and secondary sources
- Use scientific understandings to identify relationships and draw conclusions

Evaluating

- Reflect on their investigation methods, including the adequacy of controls on variables (dependent and independent)
- Identify possible sources of error and suggest improvements to their investigation methods
- Demonstrate an awareness of assumptions and bias in their own work and secondary sources
- Demonstrate an understanding and appreciation of evidence (qualitative and quantitative)
- Exercise a healthy, informed skepticism and use scientific knowledge and findings for their own investigations to evaluate claims in secondary sources

Applying & Innovating

- Consider social, ethical, and environmental implications of the findings from their own and others' investigations
- Contribute to care for self, others, community, and world through personal or collaborative approaches
- Co-operatively design projects
- Transfer and apply learning to new situations
- Generate and introduce new or refined ideas when problem solving

Communicating

- Communicate ideas, findings, and solutions to problems, using scientific language, representations, and digital technologies as appropriate
- Express and reflect on personal, shared, or others' experiences of place